He who despises his neighbor sins, but happy is he who is gracious to the poor.

THE TEXT (NASB)

He who despises his neighbor sins, but happy is he who is gracious to the poor.

He that despiseth his neighbour sinneth: but he that hath mercy on the poor, happy is he. Classic KJV - Proverbs 14:21

INTRODUCTION



We all want to be happy—all of us, and money can buy happiness! How? Give it to the poor.

It's really an unhappy weakness to disdain any of our neighbours, but especially those in need.

The rich need the poor, in fact, even more than the poor need the rich.

He who despises his neighbor sins, but happy is he who is gracious to the poor.

COMMENTARY

The popular financial strategy runs something like this: "Happiness comes in spending all our spare money on our own entertainment." This proverb says exactly the opposite: Happiness comes in sharing with those in need. And it's easy to find them. God arranges things so that we meet the poor among our neighbours and colleagues, in the course of our everyday activities

Sometimes urban planners deliberately design districts according to financial status. That may make for more homogeneous housing and better investments, but impairs the happiness of the rich and health of the poor. The poor need the help of the rich, and the rich need the poor to save them from self-worship: The I-land of Annihilation. The poor provide the wealthy with the happiness of generosity. The rich, trapped in themselves, are doomed to misery.

Following the destruction of much of Paris in a civil war, 19th century French urban planners rebuilt some neighborhoods with "layered" townhouses: The wealthy on the first two floors, the middle-class on the third floors, and the poor in the attics, so everyone had to rub shoulders.

Translation: Poor, Gracious



The Hebrew word for "poor" here, עני (a•nî, pronounced "ah-nee"), is used 26 times in the Bible, often translated as "meek" or "humble." It's used first in Numbers 12:3, when Moses is described as the most humble man in the world. Its primary meaning is not financial poverty, but spiritual poverty or humility: Someone free from any sense of their own self-importance. It's the word that King David used to describe himself in Psalm 34:6. Those who are "poor" are not insulted by this: The fact is, they hardly think about themselves at all. They're focused on others and on God. Such people often have few material resources, because they don't aggressively pursue wealth. They seek more substantial treasure.

The Hebrew word for "gracious," חנן (ḥā•năn, pronounced "khah-nan"), stems from a root verb that means, "to bend or stoop in kindness to an inferior." It doesn't necessarily imply generosity or direct monetary gift-giving. It may mean simply noticing them, greeting them with a friendly word or smile. It may mean more. The importance of this "noticing" reveals that our own true wealth is really our time. Nothing is more important than our time, and therefore giving the

Page 2 / 12

Last Updated Mon April 3, 2023 | Copyright © 2011 - 2024 Wisdom With Wealth

He who despises his neighbor sins, but happy is he who is gracious to the poor.

needy our time. As has been said, "You can give without loving, but you can't love without giving."

Happiness Clarified

The Hebrew word for "happy," אשרי (☐ăš•rê, pronounced "ash-ray"), is used 45 times in the Bible and usually translated as "blessed." For example, in Psalm 41:1 we read, "How blessed is he who considers the helpless." It's first used at Deuteronomy 33:29: "Blessed are you, O Israel; Who is like you, a people saved by the LORD. Who is the shield of your help and the sword of your majesty! So your enemies will cringe before you, and you will tread upon their high places."

God loves to help those in need, and whenever we do the same, God blesses us.

Don't Indulge; Be Happy



"He who gives to the poor will never want, but he who shuts his eyes will have many curses," says Proverbs 28:27, warning that it's better to share our blessings and wealth, instead of hoarding or spending on ourselves. Elizabeth Dunn PhD (UBC Psychology) and Michael Norton (Harvard Business) rediscovered this timeless truth in their *Happy Money: The Science of Smarter Spending.* They found that happiness comes, not from overindulging, but underindulging and giving away our surplus to others.

This academic research confirmed God's promise. We receive happiness, blessings, when we give to others, especially one of God's five favourite charities: Full-time ministers, the poor, widows, orphans, and refugees. The text does not say we should be gracious to all our neighbours. We should be kind to all, but the greatest satisfaction comes when we're kind to the poor.

How much money do we need to be happy? Let's think about it. What's our number?

Many of us just aren't content with what we now have, so we're constantly angling for a raise at work, befriending aged relatives, or springing for lottery tickets—the tax on stupidity.

Page 3 / 12

He who despises his neighbor sins, but happy is he who is gracious to the poor.

So is it crazy to ask how much money we need to be happy? The notion that money can't buy happiness has been tossed around forever—even before yoga came into vogue. But there is a measurable connection between income and contentment; not surprisingly, people with a comfortable living standard are happier than people in poverty.

The catch: Once we're comfortable, any additional income doesn't buy any extra happiness. The magic number defining this "comfortable standard" varies by territory, but in the United States, it falls somewhere around \$75,000, just slightly over the average family income. With Gallup data from almost half a million Americans, Princeton researchers found that higher household incomes are associated with contented daily attitudes—but the beneficial effects of money taper off entirely after the \$75,000 mark.

Read the rest at: "Don't Indulge; Be Happy" by Elizabeth Dunn and Michael Norton

Giving: The Enemy of Poverty

In his book, *Business at its Best*, Robert J. Tamasy correctly identifies giving as the enemy of poverty: "Perhaps the most profound statement about giving I have ever heard came from a friend who for many years has led an organization to assist the poor in a very neglected area of this city. He told me, 'The greatest poverty is the inability to give.' ... Regardless of your level of affluence, according to that statement, if you fail to give from what you have, you are the poorer for it.²

He does not refer to the incapacity to give, but the unwillingness to share from whatever you have. Giving is not only the opposite of greed, but it also breaks the power of poverty.

He who despises his neighbor sins, but happy is he who is gracious to the poor.

OUR CREATOR, REDEEMER, AND FRIEND

Jesus was once asked, "Who is my neighbour?"

Jesus told the story of a traveller who was robbed and left half-dead by the roadside. A religious man came by, and, rather than helping, he walked by deliberately on the far side of the road. Then someone of high social standing came along and also ignored the helpless victim. Finally a foreigner passed by, nursed him back to consciousness, and arranged for ongoing medical care (Luke 10:30-37).

The point is this: God expects us to assist whoever comes across our path and happens to be in need, especially if they're in need of a little of our time. If we can give them our time, the money comes easily.

APPLICATION

- Memorize the text in your favourite Bible translation and think about it often.
- Give generously to the poor and you will increase your own happiness. You can read more in this article by Susan Johnston: "Why Money Really Can Buy Happiness."
- Enlarge your definition of the poor to include the discouraged and downcast.
- Give your poorer neighbors preference over your richer neighbors—the opposite of what is usually done.

Which of these steps, if any, does Jesus want you to take now? Ask Him.

He who despises his neighbor sins, but happy is he who is gracious to the poor.

KEY WORDS

better life (quality), charity, hate, entertainment, ethical investing, financial status, generosity, gracious, happy, love, neighbor, poor (\$\bar{\parabole} \bar{a}\cdot n\hat{\text{i}} \text{pronounced "ah-nee"}\$), satisfaction, sin, bf sharing

ILLUSTRATION





Generous Genevieve loves to give and has a big heart. Sometimes she chuckles to herself as she gives her gifts. Now here's a secret about her giving: She only gives to those who really need it—not just to anyone who asks for a handout. She gives because she thinks it's the right thing to do.

Strangely enough, the more she gave to those in genuine need, the more she got back. Some people give in order to get, but she considers that mere trading. Generous Genevieve gives for the sheer thrill of it. By giving she is keeping herself from emotional cancer. Emotional cancer, also known as greed, can take over one's heart and destroy their ability to enjoy even the simple things of life. Genevieve gives in order to increase her giving capacity.

Sometimes it hurts Genevieve to give. Sometimes she is short of cash because she has given to someone else, but that shortage doesn't last long.

Genevieve believes that there is always a reward for giving to those in need. She thinks that her generosity will come back to her benefit sooner or later. She coined the expression, "What goes

Page 6 / 12



He who despices his neighbor size but henry is he who is greeieus to the near						
He who despises his neighbor sins, but happy is he who is gracious to the poor.						
around—comes around."						

He who despises his neighbor sins, but happy is he who is gracious to the poor.

FOOTNOTES

1. The table below shows God's five favourite charties as stated in the Mosaic Law. The first column shows my commentary.

	Orphan	Widow	Alien	Levite	Poor
Hebrew Word	וְיָת ׁׁׁוֹם <u>wə-yā-tō-wm</u>	א _ַ לְמָנָה	۲ <u>.</u> ۲		ע,ָניִ
Strong Numbe	_	Strongs 490 almanah A widow	Strongs 1616		Strongs 6041
			a sojourner, stranger, alien, immigrant, foreigner		poor, afflicted, humble, needy
Both without a man in the family. Husbands should provide and protect!	Exodus 22:22 You shall not afflict any widow or orphan.	Exodus 22:22 You shall not afflict any widow or orphan.			Exodus 22:25 Now in case a countryman of yours becomes poor and his means with regard to you falter, then you are to sustain him, like a stranger or a sojourner, that he may live with you.
Effort sometimes required by those in need. Receiver should expend some effort.	executes justice for the orphan and the widow, and shows His love for the alien by	Deut. 10:18 He [the LORD] executes justice for the orphan and the widow, and shows His love for the alien by giving him food and clothing.	executes justice for the orphan and the widow, and shows His love for the alien by giving him food and clothing.		Leviticus 19:10 Nor shall you glean your vineyard, nor shall you gather the fallen fruit of your vineyard; you shall leave them for the
		i age o i	· -		

He who despises his neighbor sins, but happy is he who is gracious to the poor.

He who despises his neighbor sins, but happy is he who is gracious to the poor.

place where theplace where theplace where the LORD your LORD your LORD your LORD your God chooses to God chooses to God chooses to establish His establish His establish His establish His name. name. name. name. Deut 16:14 Deut 16:14 Deut 16:14 Deut 16:14 and you shall and you shall and you shall and you shall If he is a poor rejoice in your rejoice in your rejoice in your rejoice in your man, you shall feast, you and feast, you and feast, you and feast, you and not sleep with your son and your son and your son and your son and your daughter your daughter your daughter your daughter and your male and your male and your male and your male and female and female and female and female servants and servants and servants and servants and the Levite and the Levite and the Levite and the stranger the stranger the stranger the stranger and the orphan and the orphan and the orphan and the widow and the widow and the widow who are in your who are in your who are in your who are in your towns. towns. towns. towns.

- poor and needy

Deut. 24:17 Two descriptors You shall not pervert the justice due an alien or an orphan, nor take a widow's take a widow's garment in pledge.

Deut. 24:17 You shall not pervert the justice due an justice due an alien or an orphan, nor garment in pledge.

Deut. 24:17 You shall not pervert the alien or an orphan, nor garment in pledge.

Deut. 24:14 You shall not oppress a hired servant who is poor (6041) and needy, whether he is one of your countrymen or one of your aliens who is in your land in your towns.

Deut 24:12

his pledge.

Deut. 24:19 Deut. 24:19 Deut. 24:19 When you reap When you reap When you reap your harvest in your harvest in your field and your field and your field and have forgotten have forgotten have forgotten a sheaf in the a sheaf in the a sheaf in the field, you shall field, you shall field, you shall not go back to not go back to not go back to get it; it shall be get it; it shall be get it; it shall be for the alien, for for the alien, for for the alien, for

He who despises his neighbor sins, but happy is he who is gracious to the poor.

the orphan, and the orphan, and the orphan, and for the widow, for the widow, for the widow, in order that their order that their order that the LORD your LORD your LORD your God may bless God may bless God may bless you in all the you in all the you in all the work of your work of your work of your hands. hands. hands. Deut. 24:20 Deut. 24:20 Deut. 24:20 When you beat When you beat When you beat your olive tree, your olive tree, your olive tree, you shall not go you shall not go you shall not go over the over the over the boughs again; itboughs again; it shall be for the shall be for the alien, for the alien, for the alien, for the orphan, and for orphan, and for orphan, and for the widow. the widow. the widow. Deut. 24:21 Deut. 24:21 Deut. 24:21 When you When you When you gather the gather the gather the grapes of your grapes of your grapes of your vineyard, you vineyard, you vineyard, you shall not go shall not go shall not go over it again; it over it again; it over it again; it shall be for the shall be for the shall be for the alien, for the alien, for the alien, for the orphan, and for orphan, and for orphan, and for the widow. the widow. the widow. Deut. 26:12 Deut. 26:12 Deut. 26:12 Deut. 26:12 When you have When you have When you have finished paying finished paying finished paying finished paying all the tithe of all the tithe of all the tithe of all the tithe of your increase inyour increase inyour increase in the third year, the third year, the third year. the third year. the year of the year of the year of the year of tithing, then youtithing, then youtithing, then you shall give it to shall give it to shall give it to shall give it to the Levite, to the Levite, to the Levite, to the Levite, to the stranger, to the stranger, to the stranger, to the orphan and the orphan and the orphan and the orphan and to the widow, to the widow, to the widow, to the widow, that they may that they may that they may that they may

Page 11 / 12

He who despises his neighbor sins, but happy is he who is gracious to the poor.

and also have given it to the Levite and the alien, the orphan and the widow, according to all Your command ments which You have commanded	and also have given it to the Levite and the alien, the orphan and the widow, according to all Your command ments which You have commanded	and also have given it to the Levite and the alien, the orphan and the widow, according to all Your command ments which You have commanded	alien, the orphan and the widow, according to all Your command ments which You have commanded					
me; I have not me; I have not me; I have not transgressed or transgressed or transgressed or transgressed or forgotten any of								
	Your command							
ments.	ments.	ments.	ments.					
Deut 27: 19	Deut 27: 19	Deut 27: 19						
	Cursed is one							
who distorts thewho distorts the justice due a justice due a								
stranger,	stranger,	stranger,						
	an [f]orphan, or	_						
a widow.' And	a widow.' And	a widow.' And						
all the	all the	all the						
people shall	people shall	people shall						
say, 'Amen.'	say, 'Amen.'	say, 'Amen.'						

2. *Business at its Best* - Timeless Wisdom from Proverbs for Today's Workplace by Robert J. Tamasy Copyright 2015, p 112,113

